4732 Probability & Statistics 1

	ver-rounding only once in <u>paper</u> .		
1(i)	(a) -1	B1	allow \approx -1 or close to -1
			not "strong corr'n", not -0.99
	(b) 0	B1 2	allow ≈ 0 or close to 0
			not "no corr'n"
(ii)	4 3 2 1 or 1 2 3 4	M1	Ranks attempted, even if opp
		A1	
	Σd^2 (= 14)	M1	Dep M1 or $S_{xy} = 23^{-100}/_4$ or $S_{xx} = S_{yy} = 30^{-100}/_4$
	$1 - \underline{-6\Sigma d^2}$	M1	$Dep \ 2^{nd} M1 \qquad S_{xy}/\sqrt{(S_{xx}S_{yy})}$
	4(4 ² -1)		
	= -0.4 oe	A1 5	
Total		7	
2(i)	$\frac{2}{C_2 \times 8} C_3$	M1	$^{7}C_{2} \times {}^{8}C_{3}$ or 1176 : M1
	$^{15}C_{5}$	M1	$(Any C \text{ or } P)^{15}C_5$: M1 $(dep < 1)$
			or $\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{6}{12} \times \frac{8}{12} \times \frac{7}{12} \times \frac{6}{12}$ or 0.0392: M1
		4.1 2	$\times^{\circ}C_2$ or \times 10 : M1 (dep ≥ 4 probs mult)
	$= \frac{30}{143}$ or $\frac{110}{6}/\frac{3003}{3003}$ or 0.392 (3sfs)	AI 3	
(**)	$\frac{1}{2}$	2.61	$112 \leftrightarrow 3$, treat as MR max M1M1
(11)	$3! \times 2!$ or $P_3 \times P_2$ not in denom	MI	BABAB seen: MI
	= 12	AI 2	120-12: MIA0
T ()			NB $^{1}/_{2!} = 12$: M0A0
Total	0.027	5	
3(1)(a)	0.9368 or 0.937	BI I	
(b)	$0.7/99 = 0.5230$ or $C_5 \times 0.45^{\circ} \times 0.55^{\circ}$	MI	Allow 0.9368 – 0.7799
(-)	= 0.2569 OF 0.2568 OF 0.257	AI Z	$\begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$
(c)	0.7/99 seen (and 1 - 0.0885)	MI M1	1 term omitted or wrong or extra: $M1$
	= 0.0885 (not $1 - 0.0885$)		r term offitted of wrong of extra. Mr
(;;)(a)	$\frac{1-0.091}{100} (5.815)$	M1	or 0,105 soon, but not ISW for A1
$(\Pi)(a)$	$C_2 \times (7_{12}) \times (7_{12})$ seen = 0.105 (2 of a)		of 0.103 seen, but not 15 w 101 A1
(b)	1 - 0.105 (5 S1S) $1 2^{31} / 2^{31} / 2^{175} / 2^{12} (2 cfc)$	$\begin{array}{c c} AI & 2 \\ \hline D1 & 1 \end{array}$	$ND^{12}/-24:D0$
(U) Total	2 / 72 01 / 72 01 2.43 (3 S1S)		NB / 5 - 2.4. B0
	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$ or 0.005	9 M1	
4(1)	$\frac{1}{20} \times \frac{1}{10} \text{ of } \frac{1}{200} \text{ of } 0.003$	M1den	
	$\int \frac{XZ}{-1}$ or 0.01		
(;;)	$F(X) = 0+50x^{1/10}+500x^{1/10}$ or	M1	$ar = 20 \ acces; 2 \times f0.50 + f5.00$
(11)	$0+0.5x^{1}/_{10}+5x^{1}/_{20}$		= f6.00
	$= 30p$ = £0.30 or $^{3}/_{10}$	M1	$("f6 00" + 20 \times f0 20) \div 20$
	Charge " $30p$ " + 20p or $0.3 + 0.2$	1411	condone muddled units eg 0.3 + 20
		A1 4	
	= 50p or 0.50 or 0.5		x = 20, 70, 520 · M1A1
			$20 \times \frac{17}{20} + 70 \times \frac{1}{10} + 520 \times \frac{1}{20}$: M1
			=50 A1
			x, (x-50), (x-500) : M1A1
			$x \times \frac{17}{20} + (x - 50) \times \frac{1}{10} + (x - 500) \times \frac{1}{20} = 20$:
			M1
			x = 50 : A1
			Ignore "£" or "p"
Total		7	

Note: "(3 sfs)" means "answer which rounds to ... to 3 sfs". If correct ans seen to \geq 3sfs, ISW for later rounding Penalise over-rounding only once in paper.

42

Mark Scheme

5(i)	$\frac{12}{22} \times \frac{11}{21}$	M1	or ${}^{12}C_2 / {}^{22}C_2$
	$= \frac{2}{7}$ oe or 0.286 (3 sfs)	A1 2	
(ii)	$\frac{7}{15} \times \frac{6}{14} \times \frac{8}{13}$ or $\frac{8}{65}$ oe	M1	Numerators any order $C_2 \times {}^8C_1$:M1
	× 3 oe	M1	3 x prod any 3 probs (any C or P) $^{15}C_3$:M1
	$= {}^{24}/_{65}$ or 0.369 (3 sfs)	A1 3	(dep <1)
			$\begin{array}{r} 1-({}^{8}/_{15}x^{7}/_{14}x^{6}/_{13}+3\times {}^{8}/_{15}x^{7}/_{14}x^{7}/_{13}+{}^{7}/_{15}x^{6}/_{14}x^{5}/_{13}) & : \\ M2 & \\ \text{one prod omitted or wrong: M1} \end{array}$
(iii)	x x - 1 1	M1	x x x 1 = x x 1 = x x - 1 1
	$\frac{1}{45} \times \frac{1}{44} = \frac{1}{15}$ oe		not $\frac{1}{45} \times \frac{1}{44} = \frac{1}{15}$ or $\frac{1}{45} \times \frac{1}{45} = \frac{1}{15}$ or $\frac{1}{45} \times \frac{1}{45} = \frac{1}{15}$
	$x^{2} - x - 132 = 0$ or $x(x - 1) = 132$	A1	oe
	(n + 12)(n + 11) = 0		ft 3-term QE for M1
	(x - 12)(x + 11) = 0 or $x = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + $	M1	condone signs interchanged
	$\frac{01x - \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{11}}{2} - \frac{4 \times (-132)}{2}}{2}$		allow one sign error
	No. of $Y_s = 12$	A1 4	Not $x = 12$ or -11 ans 12 from less wking, eg $12 \times 11 = 132$
			or T & I: full mks
			Some incorrect methods:
			$\frac{x}{45} \times \frac{x-1}{44} = \frac{1}{15}$ oe M1
			$x^2 + x = 132$ A0
			x = 11 M1A0
			$12 \times 11 = 132$ M1A1M1
			x = 12 and (or "or") 11 A0
			NB 12 from eg 12.3 rounded, check method
Total		9	

6(i)(a)	256	<u>B1</u>	1	
				(i)(b) & (ii)(abc): ISW
				1e if correct seen, ignore extras
(b)	Total unknown or totals poss diff	BI	I	pie chart shows only proportions oe
	or Y13 may be smaller or similar			or no. of students per degree may differ
	or size of pie chart may differ			not "no. of F may be less"
		DI		not "Y 13 may be larger"
(ii)(a)	B&W does not show frequencies oe	BI	I	or B&W shows spread or shows mks or M Iger
(1)		••••••		range
(0)				I mk about overall standard, based on median or
				on F's IQR being nigher
				1 mlr about approad (or range or IOD)
				ar about showness
				of about skewness.
				must be overall not indiv mkg
				must be comparison not just figures
				must be comparison, not just rightes
				Examples:
				Examples.
	F generally higher or median higher			not F higher mean
	F higher on average or F better mks			6
	F IOR is above M IOR	B1		
	F more compact			not M have hiest and lowest mks
	M wide(r) range or gter IQR			
	or gter variation or gter variance			
	or more spread or less consistent			
	M evenly spread or F skewed	B1	2	condone F +ve skew
(c)	Advantage:			not B&W shows skewness
	B&W shows med or Qs or IQR or range	DI		not B&W shows into at a glance
	or hiest & lowest or key values	BI		not B&W easier to compare data sets
				not B&W shows mean
				not B&W snows spread
				not ba w easier to calculate of easier to read
	Disadvantage:			
	B&W loses info'			not B&W does not give indiv (or raw) data
	B&W shows less info'			not B&W does not show mean
	B&W not show freqs			not be w does not show mean
	B&W not show mode			
	B&W: outlier can give false impression			
	hist shows more info			not hist shows freq for each mark
	hist shows freqs or fds			not hist shows all the results
	hist shows modal class (allow mode) hist			not hist shows total
	shows distribution better			
	can calc mean from hist	B1	2	allow adv of hist as disadv of B&W
(iii)	$102 \times 51 + 26 \times 59$	M1		or $5202 + 1534$ or 6736
()	÷ 128	Mlde	ep	
	= 52.6 (3 sfs)	Al	3	
Total		10	-	
•		•		

7(i)	Geo stated	M1	or implied by $0.7^r x 0.3$ or $0.3^r x 0.7$
	$0.7^3 \ge 0.3$	M1	Allow 0.7 ⁴ x 0.3
	$\frac{1029}{10000}$ oe or 0.103 (3 sfs)	A1 3	
(ii)	0.7^6 alone	M1	$1-(0.3+0.3\times0.7++0.3\times0.7^5)$ not $1-0.7^6$
	= 0.118 (3 sfs)	A1 2	
(iii)	0.7 ⁹	M1	not 0.3×0.7^9
	$1 - 0.7^{\circ}$	M1	allow $1 - 0.7^{10}$ or 0.972 for M1
	0.960 (3 sfs)	Al 3	allow 0.96, if no incorrect wking seen
			0.2 + 0.7 0.2 + 0.78 0.2 M2
			$0.3 + 0.7 \times 0.3 + \dots + 0.7 \times 0.3$: M2
(:)	Din stated	M1	ar implied by table or ${}^{n}C$ or $0.7^{3} \times 0.2^{2}$
(1V)	Bill Stated	1011	or implied by table of $C_r \underline{or} 0.7 \times 0.3$
	${}^{5}C_{2} \ge 0.7^{3} \ge 0.3^{2}$ or $0.8369 = 0.5282$	M1	01 0.0509
	= 0.3087 or 0.309 (3 sfs)	A1 3	
Total	0.5007 01 0.509 (5 515)	11	
8(i)	88×164		-11.8
•(-)	$168.6 - \frac{66 \times 10.1}{9}$		$(=\frac{11.0}{\sqrt{100}})$
	8	M2	$\sqrt{168 \times 0.9}$
	$(1126 88^2)(24.52 16.4^2)$		M1: correct subst in any correct S formula
	$\sqrt{(1130 - \frac{1}{8})(34.52 - \frac{1}{8})}$		M2: correct substn in any correct r formula
	= -0.960 (3 sfs)	A1 3	allow -0.96 if no incorrect wking seen
(ii)	must refer to or imply		not x is not random
(11)	external constraint on x		not x affects y
	e.g x is controlled		not x not affected by v
	or values of x fixed or chosen		not x goes up same amount each time
	allow x is fixed	B1 1	not charge affects no. of vehicles
			not x not being measured
(iii)	168 6 88×16.4		
	$108.0 - \frac{108.0}{8}$		
	882	M1	ft their S_{xy} and S_{xx}
	$1136 - \frac{36}{9}$		incl $\frac{1}{1136}$ if used in (1)
	8	A 1	or 0.07 if no incorrect whing
	$= -0.0702 (3 \text{ sfs}) \text{ or } -\frac{59}{840} \text{ or } -\frac{11.8}{168}$	AI	of -0.07 If no incorrect wking
	164/ (60.0702)/ 88/)	M1	or $a = \frac{16.4}{8} - ((-0.0702)) \times \frac{88}{8}$ or $\frac{2371}{840}$
	$y = \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{100} \frac{1}$	A1 4	oe eg $y = \frac{-59}{840}x + \frac{2371}{840}$
$(\mathbf{i}\mathbf{v})(\mathbf{a})$	y = -0.07x + 2.8 of bellet	M1	
$(\mathbf{I}\mathbf{v})(\mathbf{a})$	= 1.4(2) million (2 sfs)	$\Delta 1 2$	no ft
(h)	r close to -1 or corr'n is high	B1	or good corr'n or pts close to line
(0)		DI	but not if "close to -1, hence unreliable"
			if r low in (i), ft: "r low" or "poor corr'n" etc
	just outside given data, so reliable	B1 2	or outside given data so unreliable
			not "reliable as follows trend"
			not "reliable as follows average"
			no it from $(iv)(a)$
(v)	von r	R1	
(1)	r is indep	B1 2	or x controlled or y depends on x
	a to map		or v not inden
			dep on not "x on y"
			1
			<i>r</i> close to -1 so makes little difference: B2
Total		14	